



to all



(to involve a review committee and the right to appeal)

## Article 7

### Institutional Authority and Civil Penalties

When activities of students result in violation of law or when students feel that their civil rights have been violated, institutional officials will be prepared to inform students of

State and Federal laws and ordinances. Visitors failing to do so may be asked to leave campus and may be declared Persona Non Grata.

1. Behavior which disrupts the learning environment.
2. Use, possession, and/or distribution of weapons, firearms, firecrackers, explosives and/or chemicals.
3. Use or possession of illegal or controlled drugs and/or alcohol.
4. Gambling.
5. Abusive and/or disorderly behavior.
6. Deliberate destruction and/or abuse and misuse of College property or facilities.
7. Theft from an individual, organization or agency, and/or department of the College.
8. Assault and battery, threats of violence, and/or intimidation.
9. Written, verbal, sexual and/or physical intimidation or harassment.
10. Violations of the

1. Restitution - In cases of damage, destruction, defacement, or theft of property, restitution is generally required.
2. Disciplinary Warning – An official notice to the student that his or her behavior is in violation of the Student Code of Conduct or other College regulation. Further violations will result in more severe disciplinary action. A student under disciplinary warning must meet those conduct requirements which may be determined in his/her case.
3. Disciplinary Probation- A disciplinary sanction informing the individual that his or her behavior is in serious violation of the Student Code of Conduct or other College regulation. During the probationary period, the student may be barred from participating in extracurricular activities, denied the use of certain College facilities, and/or assigned special duties. Any further violation during the probationary period may result in more severe action up

Development's decision regarding a disciplinary sanction, he or she may request an appeal before the Disciplinary Hearing Committee (DHC). Depending upon the severity of the disciplinary violations, a suspended or expelled student may or may not be permitted to attend class during the hearing process. This decision rests with the VPSED.

1. Within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of a student's written request for an appeal, a Disciplinary Hearing Committee (DHC) meeting will be scheduled. (In the event that a student requests a disciplinary hearing during the last two weeks of a semester, the disciplinary hearing will be held as soon as possible during the next semester.)
2. The student failing to appear before the DHC will not hinder the DHC from conducting its meeting(s).
3. Prior to the scheduled DHC session any written statements by witnesses or involved persons will be supplied to the charged student by the Chair of the Disciplinary Hearing Committee.
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2. Grievances involving grading or other classroom academic issues should first be discussed with the student's teacher. If there is no resolution to the problem, the